Plastic and microplastic pollution

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The plastic whale.. a game changer..

A whale is found dead with more than 30 PLASTIC BAGS in its stomach – and experts say it's 'not surprising'

- The whale had been put down by wardens off the coast of western Norway
- Researchers dissected its stomach and found huge amounts of plastic
- The whale was also emaciated with little blubber suggesting it was malnourished

By SHIVALI BEST FOR MAILONLINE PUBLISHED: 17:21 GMT, 2 February 2017 | UPDATED: 21:17 GMT, 2 February 2017







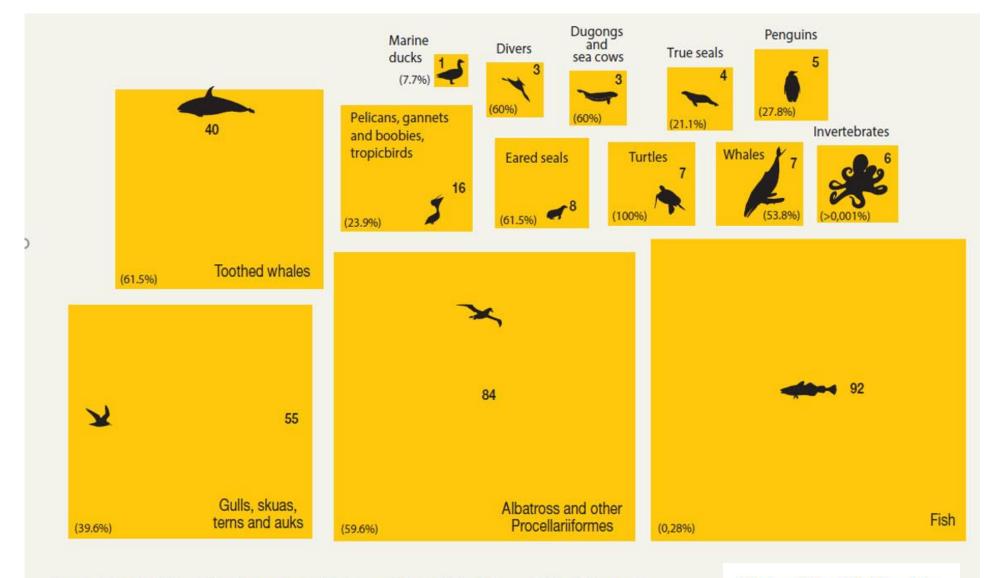






Runde 2016. Photo: Jan Helge Fosså

Different animal groups mistake plastic for food





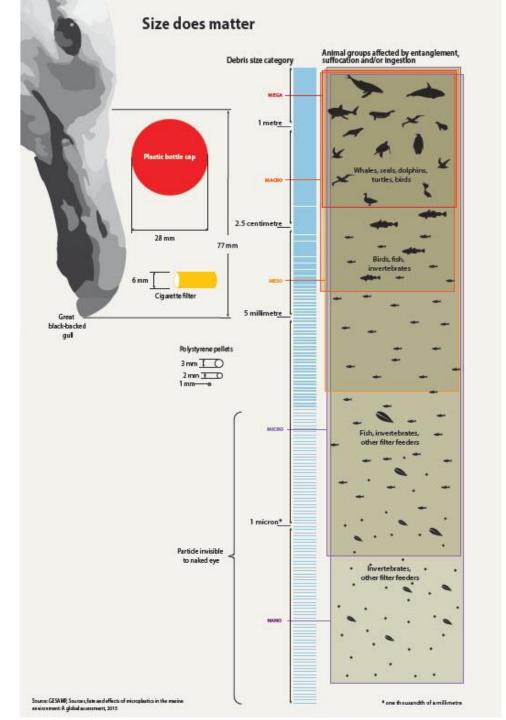
Source: Kühn, S., et al., Deleterious Effects of Litter on Marine Life, in Bergmann, M., et al., Marine Anthropogenic Litter, Springer, 2015

Marine Litter Vital Graphics

Macro Micro Nano..

Different polymers Shape (pellets, flakes, fibers) Additives Adsorbents (POPs)





Effects

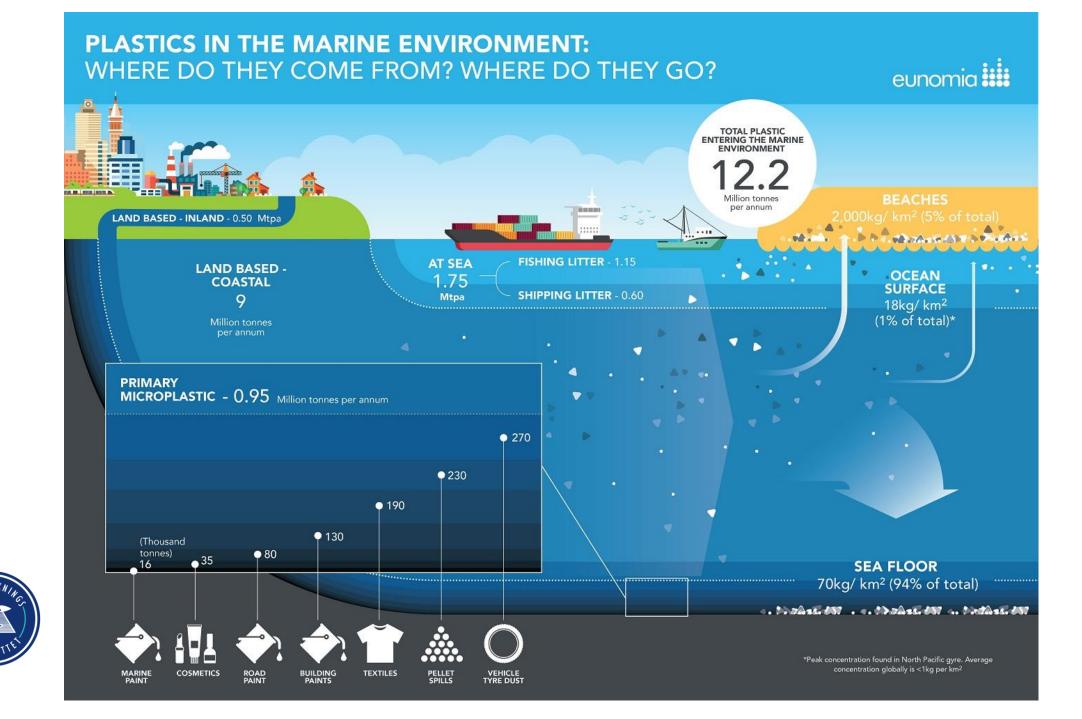
Entanglement

Digestion

?

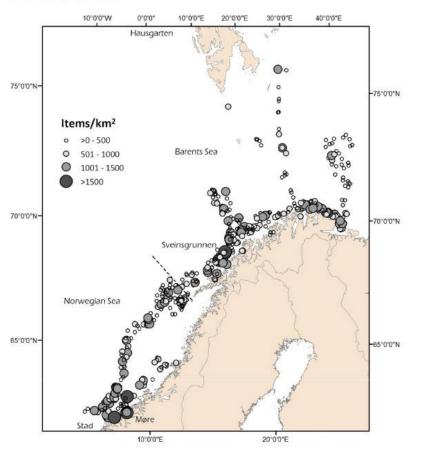
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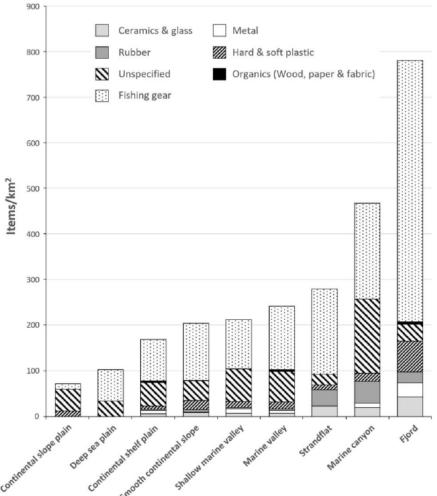
Marine Litter Vital Graphics



MAREANO- mapping the sea bottom

L. Buhl-Mortensen, P. Buhl-Mortensen



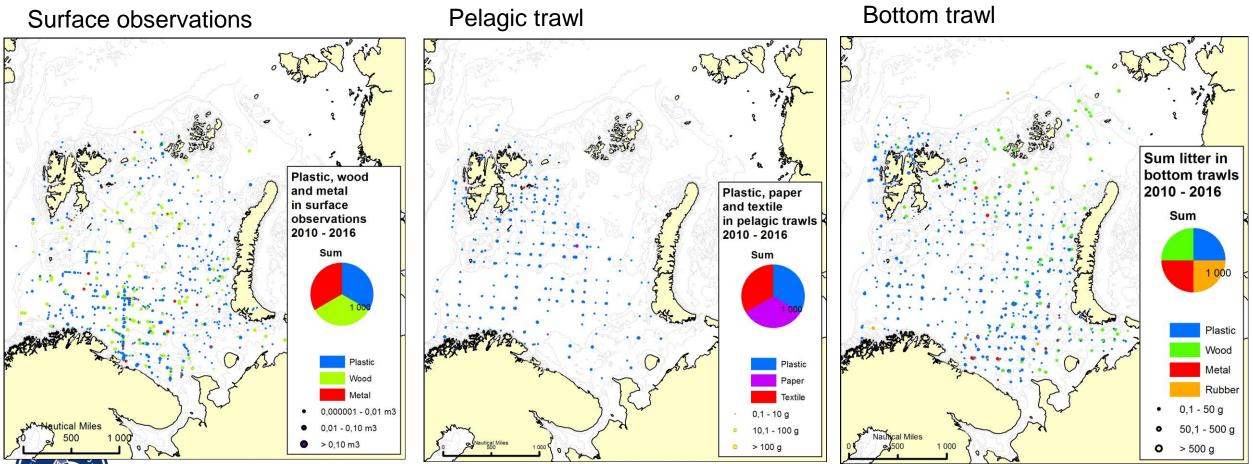




Litter observed in 28 % of video recordings Average levels: 200 kg/km², Max: Ca 6500 kg/km² Offshore Barents Sea 154 kg/km², offshore Norwegian Sea 123 kg/km²

Lene & Pål Buhl-Mortensen, 2017

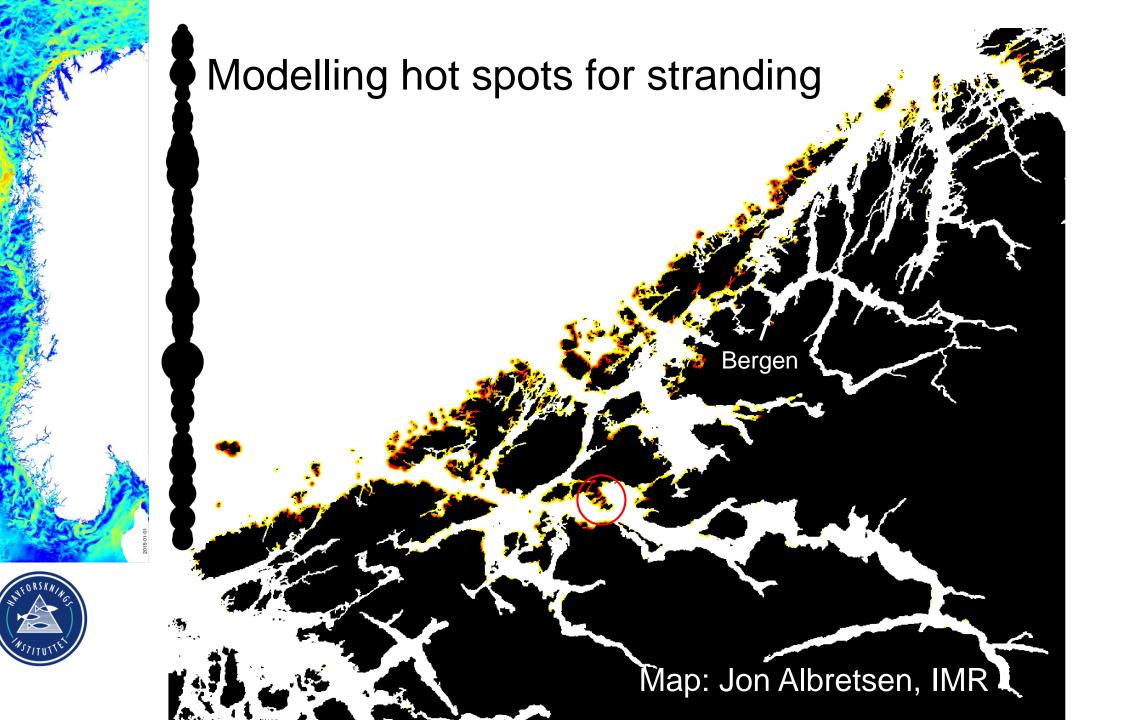
Recordings of litter from the Barents Sea

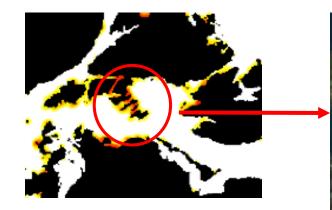




Bottom trawl: 26 kg litter km⁻², 86 % of observations were plastic Pelagic trawl: 0.011 mg m⁻³, 94 % of observations were plastic

Grøsvik et al., 2018. Front. Mar. Sci.







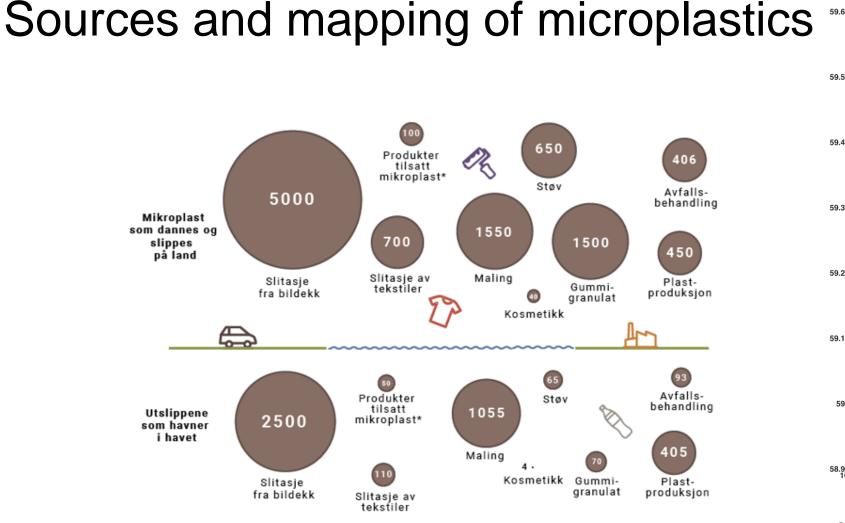








Modelling: J. Albretsen Photo: B.E. Grøsvik





*lkke kosmetikk

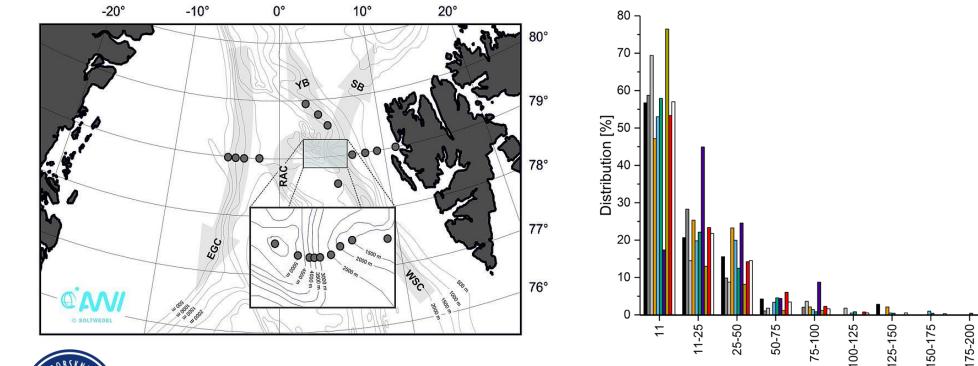
Kilde: Miljødirektoratet 2017 /Miljøstatus.no

59.5 Mikroplast Ren Kystlinje Havforskningsinstituttet Periode: Jul 2016 - Okt 2017 Partikkelkonsentrasjon (ant/m³) Sirkel skalert i forhold til konsentrasion 59.4 59.3 58.9 10.2 10.4 10.6 10.8 11 11.2

80 % Black particles (asfalt, tires)9 % Ropes/fibres7 % Fragments

Albretsen J, Huserbråten M, Mathisen HL, Naustvoll LJ, IMR report 2018.

Litter and microplastics in remote areas





Microplastics in sediments:

2340-5570 m depth

42-6595 particles/kg sediment

Bergmann et al., ES&T 2017

225-250

200-225

Size class [µm]

80 % of microplastics were < 25 μm

250-275 -

S3

HG-IV

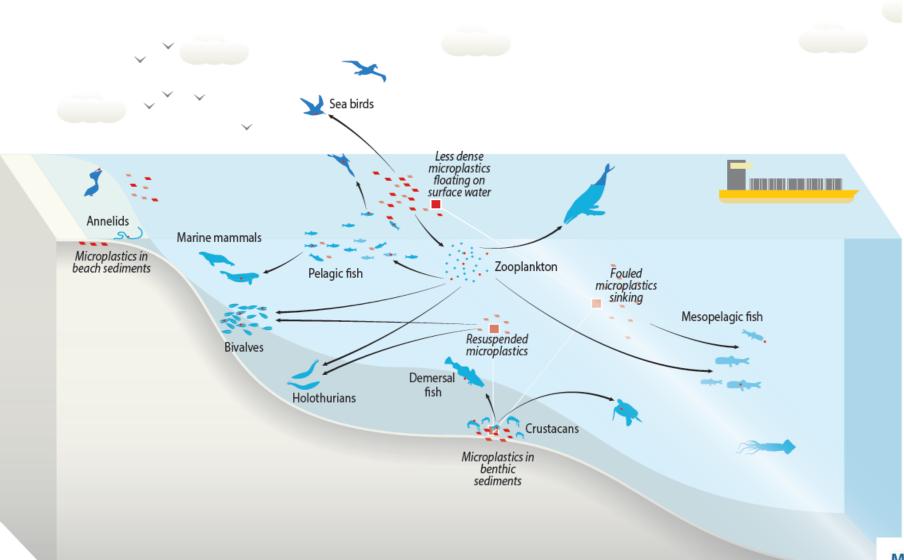
HG-V HG-VI HG-VII

HG-VIII HG-IX

Overall

N3 N5

How can plastic particles be taken up in the food web?

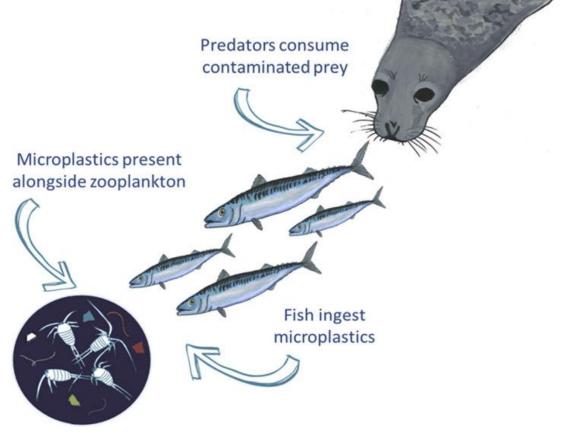


Sources: Lusher, A., Microplastics in the Marine Environment: Distribution, Interactions and Effects, in Bergmann, M., et al., Marine Anthropogenic Litter, 2015

Marine Litter Vital Graphics

Effects in the marine food web?

- Trophic transfer shown in seal scat
- Lack information on effects







We need:

- Standardisation of methods and intercalibration work
- Source, distribution and transport and fate
 - Ocean and river transport
 - Atmosphere
 - Snow
 - Sea ice
- Effects
 - Levels in different ecosystem components
 - Knowledge on which type of exposure may give effects in marine organisms



Information regarding sea food safety



Thank you for your attention!



